S3A TOPICAL INTENSIVE REVISION WEEK 3

Total Marks: 30

Topic: Polynomials and Partial Fractions

- 1 Factorise completely $27x^3 (x-1)^3$. [2]
- Given that $f(x) = 2x^3 + ax^2 + bx 9$, find the value of a and of b if f(x) is exactly divisible by x 3 and leaves a remainder of 8 when divided by x + 1.
 - (ii) Hence, factorise f(x) completely. [3]
- 3 (i) Given that $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 18x + 8$, factorise f(x) completely. [4]
 - (ii) Hence solve the equation $2(x-1)^3 + 3(x-1)^2 18(x-1) + 8 = 0$ [2]
- 4 Given that $x^5 + ax^3 + bx^2 3 = (x^2 1)Q(x) x 2$, where Q(x) is a polynomial.
 - (i) State the degree of Q(x). [1]
 - (ii) Find the value of a and of b. [4]
 - (iii) Using the value of a and of b found in part (ii), find the remainder when $x^5 + ax^3 + bx^2 3$ is divided by x + 2.
- 5 Express $\frac{5-7x}{(x+2)(x-2)}$ in partial fractions. [3]
- 6 Express $\frac{-3x^2+7x+6}{x^3+2x^2}$ in partial fractions. [5]

Answer Key

1	$(2x+1)(13x^2-5x+1)$
2(i)	a = 1, b = -18
2(ii)	(x-3)(x+3)(2x+1)
3(i)	(x-2)(2x-1)(x+4)
3(ii)	$x = 3, \frac{3}{2}, -3$
4(i)	3
4(ii)	a = -2, b = 1
4(iii)	–15
5	$\frac{-19}{4(x+2)} - \frac{9}{4(x-2)}$
6	$\frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{5}{x+2}$